

## Eos/Gio Console Programming

Level 1: Essentials

V2.6.0 Rev. A

www.etcconnect.com/education

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### Purpose of the Class

The Eos/Gio Essentials class will provide an overview of the console and programming for conventional fixtures. If new to the console, then this class is perfect. Whether transitioning to an Eos family console or a new console owner, this class will teach the basics to get the programmer up and running with this amazing console.

#### **LEARNING OBJECTIVES:**

After completing the class, one should be able to:

- Identify key elements of the console user interface and navigation
- Manage show files (save, edit, delete)
- Patch conventional and multi-parameter fixtures
- Work with channels in Live mode
- Record, select, and delete groups
- Record, play, and delete a basic cue
- Record to, load, and clear submasters
- Create step-based effects
- Understand the basics of working with a multi-parameter device (introductory concepts)

#### WORKBOOK SYNTAX ANNOTATION

• Bold Browser menus
• [Brackets] Face panel buttons

{Braces} Softkeys and direct selects
 <Angle brackets> Optional keys or command line text

• [Next] & [Last] Keys to be pressed & held simultaneously

• Play Icon Link to video on ETC's YouTube Channel –

**ETCVideoLibrary** 

#### HELP

Press and hold [Help] and press any key to see:

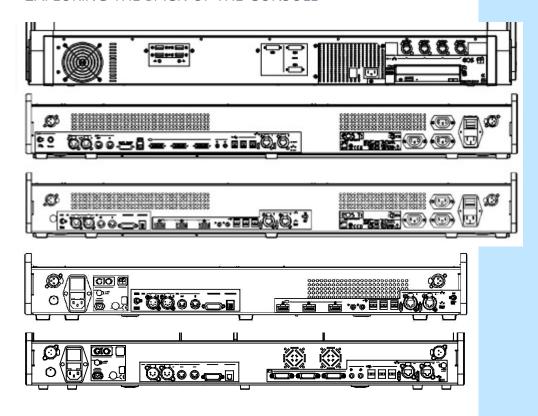
- the name of the key
- a description of what the key enables you to do
- syntax examples for using the key (if applicable)

As with hard keys, the "press and hold [Help]" action can be also used with softkeys and clickable buttons

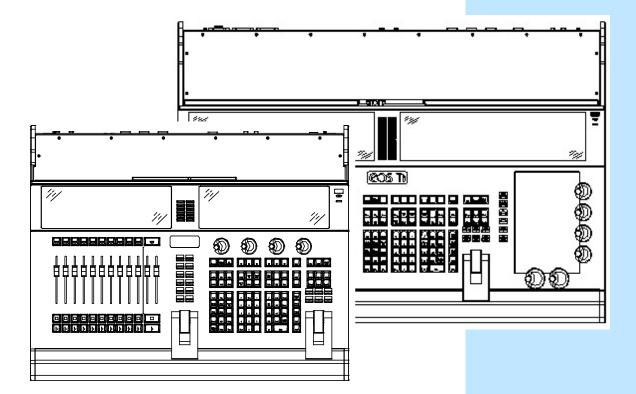


## Getting Acquainted

**EXPLORING THE BACK OF THE CONSOLE** 



**EXPLORING THE FRONT OF THE CONSOLE** 





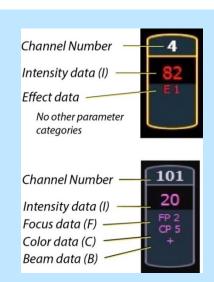
#### LIVE AND BLIND DISPLAYS

#### PRIMARY LIVE SCREEN (CHANNEL DISPLAY)

- Summary (Live Channels) or Live Table view
- Selected cue detail line
- Command line
- [Format] for summary or table view in Live
- Hold [Format] and move wheel to zoom in and out
  - Left button on mouse and use mouse wheel
- [Page ▲] or [Page ▼] scrolls full page at a time
- [Scroll Lock] when on, scrolls one line at a time
- Press and hold [Data] shows absolute data values behind any referenced data. Also [Data][Data] will lock the data view, [Data][Data] again unlocks.

#### BLIND

- Note the command line color change!
- Note the background change!
- Note the change at the top of the display
- [Next] and [Last] to preview cues or target
- [Format] for summary, table view or spreadsheet in Blind
- When in Blind, Record is not required changes are stored when the command line is terminated.





#### FLEXICHANNEL MODE

#### [Live] Hit [Go] once, then [1] [Thru] [3] [Full] [Enter], and [21] [Thru] [26] [At] [80] [Enter]

In Live, Flexi allows you to view only channels meeting a certain criteria, therefore removing unwanted data from view. Explore Flexi in other displays as there are many options depending on where you are located in the console.

changes to next flexi display

set some levels

#### Press [Flexi]

- All channels
- Patched channels
- Manual channels selected channels and/or any channels with manual data (red data)
- Show channels any channels currently active and/ or with data stored in a record target (cue, groups, subs, palettes...)
- Active channels any channels with intensity above 0 or fading to 0, running effects, or with non-intensity moves
- In Use Channels exactly like Flexi Active, but also includes dark channels that are marking for a future cue
- Selected channels the channels selected on the command line
- View Channels state does not exist until channels selected

#### Hold [Flexi] and use the softkeys

To include channels not in the current flexi mode, use [Thru] [Thru].

#### In Flexi Patched Channels: [16] [Thru] [21] [Enter]

#### [Clear] then [16] [Thru] [Thru] [21] [Enter]

Look in Flexi All Channels, you will see that only 16 and 21 are selected

display options appear as softkeys

see only patched channels in range

see all channels in range



#### PLAYBACK STATUS DISPLAY (PSD or Cue LIST):

- **[Format]** for selecting display options:
  - Single cue list with a preview of one page of 10 faders (fader ribbon)
  - Two cue lists as well as the fader ribbon
  - Expanded preview of 10 pages of 10 faders
- [Page ▲] or [Page ▼] scrolls the cue list up and down a full page
- **[Next]** or **[Last]** moves up and down through the cue list
- [Scroll Lock] when on, scrolls one line at a time
- If in another tab, [Shift]&[Page ▲] or [Page ▼] will page up and down in the PSD without needing to focus on that tab



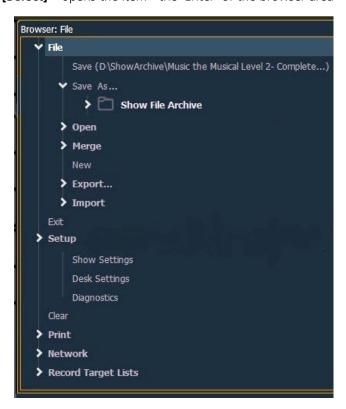
#### CENTRAL INFORMATION AREA (CIA)

- Central Information Area
  - The default view is the parameter display and the browser
  - A number of different tools can be posted to the CIA.
- [Displays] will always draw focus to the item set as favorite
- Collapse and expand the CIA by pressing **[Displays]** again or using the triangle  $(\Delta, \nabla)$
- Double tap [Displays] will always bring up the browser.
- Use the Lock to prevent the CIA from being collapsed or viewed

#### **BROWSER**

An interface for numerous functions including saving a show, opening a show, changing settings, clearing targets, print function and viewing record target lists.

- Can use mouse, touch or buttons to navigate in browser
- [Page ▲] [Page ▼] scrolls thru the menus
- [Page ▶] opens submenus
- [Page ◀] closes submenus or collapses the menu structure
- [Select] opens the item the 'Enter' of the browser area



### BROWSER COLOR CODING:

Save Green
Save As Green
Open Red
Merge Yellow
New Red
Clear Red

#### DISPLAY MANAGEMENT TOOLS

Several display management tools make the layout of your screens more efficient as your programming skills advance.

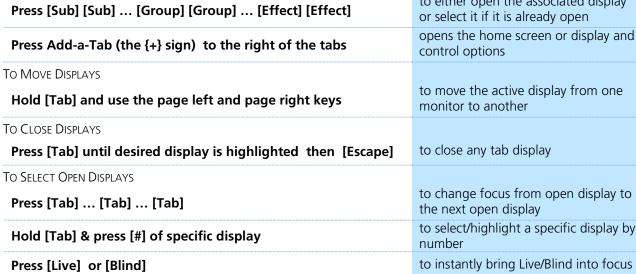


**DISPLAY TAB NAVIGATION** 

Be aware of where focus is on the displays (tab highlighted in gold).

Live/Blind display is Tab 1. Playback Status display is Tab 2. Neither can be closed.

TO OPEN DISPLAYS



#### **ADDITIONAL TAB TOOLS**

#### Right click or tap on the Live tab

You can also click on the Gear tab for the same options. These options vary depending on the tab in focus.

- {Close Tab}
- {Replace Tab} replace tab with a different tab
- {Close All Tabs But This}
- {Close All Tabs}
- {Reset Columns}
- {Lock Frame} prevents other tabs from being moved to screen
- {Open New Tabs in this Frame}
- {Zoom Out} and {Zoom In}

#### **CONFIGURATION MENUS**

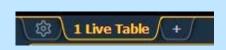
- For displays that had configuration options in Setup, such as Live/ Blind and Playback Status, most of those options are now available from the display's tab.
- For displays that used a gear menu, such as Color Tools and the Direct Selects, those options are also available from the display's tab.

#### **CLOSE ALL TABS**

Hold [Shift] & press [Tab]	to close all tabs on a single screen
Hold [Shift] & press [Tab] [Tab]	to close all tabs but tabs 1 and 2 on all screens



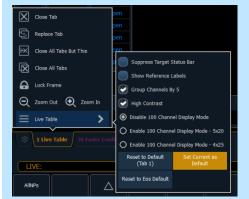




to either open the associated display

to select/highlight a specific display by

to see configuration settings





#### DISPLAY LAYOUTS AND WORKSPACES

**DISPLAY TOOLS** 

#### Press the icon in upper left hand corner of the display

Layout options give the ability to select different ways to split the screen. A screen can have up to four frames in its layout. Frames can have multiple tabs open.

#### Select the side-by-side layout

Press the Displays Tool icon again

In the Options area, select the first icon to resize the frames

Use the arrows to choose how large or small the frame will be

Tap anywhere on the screen to exit frame sizing

#### FIXED TAB NUMBERING

All Display and Control tabs have fixed tab numbering. Patch will always be 12, Group List, 17. When you press **[Tab]** repeatedly, focus moves numerically through all open tabs on active workspaces.

#### Hold [Tab] & press [4]

#### Hold [Tab] & press [4.2]

#### **WORKSPACES**

A workspace might be made up of multiple frames with a selection of tabs that are task-specific. For each monitor, you can have up to three workspaces.

Use **[Tab]&[Page ▲]** or **[Tab]&[Page ▼]** to scroll through the workspaces on all monitors.

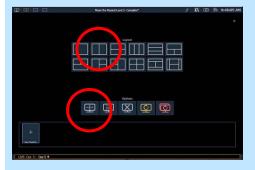
#### **RESET OPTIONS**

The Display Controls Screen also offers options for opening and closing tabs as well as resizing and resetting the monitor(s).

- Open New Tabs On This Monitor redirects to the Home...
- Resize Frames In This Workspace opens resizing tools between frames of the workspace to adjust sizing as needed.
- Monitor Mapping ability to configure your external monitor arrangement (internal displays cannot be renumbered)
- Close All Tabs In This Workspace close all of the tabs in the active workspace on this monitor only.
- Reset This Workspace closes all of the tabs and frames and resets the layout for the active workspace to a single frame displaying the Home Screen
- Reset ALL Monitors & Workspaces closes all of the tabs and frames on all monitors, resets all layouts to a single frame, and returns their workspaces to the Home Screen

#### After playing, use the Reset all Displays icon





moves focus to or opens a specified tab

opens a secondary tab



close all of the tabs and frames on all monitors

### Patch

Press [Displays], then {S3 Patch} to get to the Patch display. Can also double tap [Address/Patch]. By default, patch is displayed in a channel view. You can change the display to sort by address by pressing [Format].



PATCH BY CHANNEL	
[601] [At] [250] [Enter]	selects channel 601 and patches address 250 to it
[602] [At] [617] [Enter]	selects channel 602 and patches the address 617 to it
[603] [At] [2] [/] [106] [Enter]	selects channel 603 and patches the 2 <sup>nd</sup> universe address 106 to it
Press [Data]	displays all 3 channels in <b>output address</b> style. note blue text in upper left corner
Press [Data] again	displays all 3 channels in <b>port/offset</b> style. note blue text in upper left corner
Press [Data] again	returns to how it was originally entered
Range Patching	
[604] [Thru] [610] [At] [251] [Enter]	selects channel 604 thru 610 and patches address 251 thru 257 to them
[611] [At] [270] [Thru] [275][Enter]	selects channel 611, patches addresses 270 thru 275 to it, creates parts
[612] [Thru] [620] [At] [431] {Offset} [3] [Enter]	allows for a three-cell cyclight patch
CLEAR VS. UNPATCH VS. DELETE	
[601] [At] [0] [Enter] [Enter] or [601] [At] [Enter] [Enter]	removes the address, leaves type, etc.
[602] {Unpatch} [Enter] [Enter]	restores to default properties – removes address, type, label, etc.
[Delete] [603] [Enter] [Enter]	deletes the whole channel from show
[Live] and look at the Channel View (No Flexi)	
[Undo] last three commands [Enter]	to restore channels 601 - 603
PATCH BY ADDRESS	
Back in {Patch} and press [Format] to switch to 'By Address'	
[460] [At] [625] [Enter]	selects one address, 460, and patches it to channel 625 – note command line
[461] [Thru] [465] [At] [630] [Enter]	selects a range of addresses and patches them to one channel (parts)



same as channel check but with output

addresses



Back in {Patch} - By Channel Format		
[651] [Thru] [656] [Enter]	selects the channels	
Click on {Type} in the CIA area	notice three softkeys {Favorites} , {Manfctr}, and {Search}	
Click on {Manfctr}	2 left columns show manufacturers; selecting a manufacturer repaints the right columns with their devices	
Find {Martin} in left columns, and then {Mac 250 Wash 16B} in right	notice Mac 250 Wash in blue – multiple modes available	
Select {Mac 250 Wash 16B} for standard 16B mode	fixture placed on the command line after channels	
[At] [2] [/] [411] [Enter]	patches all four fixtures with a starting address in universe 2	
[At] [2] [/] [411] {Offset} [15] [Enter] [Enter]	now look at the addresses	
PATCH A COMPOUND CHANNEL		
A compound channel is a channel that controls more than one device - a fixture with several accessories (such as a fixture with a color scroller, a gobo rotator, and so on).		
[641] [Thru] [645] [At] [2] [/] [111] [Enter]	patches the first part of channels - the dimmer	
[Part] [2] [Enter]	creates a part 2 for selected channels	
{Type}, {Manfctr}, {Generic}, find {Scroller}	makes part 2 a generic scroller giving the channel a color parameter	
[At] [2] [/] [121] [Enter]	gives a starting address for all the part	
[Part] [3] [Enter]	creates a part 3 for selected channels	
{Search}, Rosco Gobo Rotator and double click on the result	makes part 3 a gobo rotator giving the channel a beam parameter	
[At] [2] [/] [131] [Enter]	gives a starting address for all the part	
tch Exercise - see Appendix 1		
Start a new show, [Displays], File> New> and press [Select] or double-click. Are you sure? [Enter] or click on OK.		
Now, go to Appendix 1 – Channel Hookup in the back of the book and patch the entire hookup (Ignore Notes/labels).		
Now, go to Appendix 1 – Channel Hookup in the back of the book and		

then [Next] ... [Next] ...

#### !! DON'T FORGET TO SAVE AND SAVE OFTEN!

{Address} [1] [Full] [Enter]

Quick Save: Hold [Shift] and tap [Update].

## Working with Channels



SET CHANNELS IN LIVE	
[Live] if you are not already there	
[1] [+] [3] [At] [5] [Enter]	sets level of 50% (use [05] for 5%)
[31] [Thru] [45] [-] [37] [-] [39] [At] [65] [Enter]	using minus for individual channels
[51] [Thru] [56] [Full] [Enter]	using Full without [at]
[57] [Thru] [61] [Full] [Full]	another way to get Full
[62] [Thru] [67] [Level] (no Enter req'd.) can also do [At] [At]	user-definable Level – change in Setup
[11] [+] [12] <enter> level wheel</enter>	proportional control
[21] [At] [50] [Enter] then [+%], [-%] [Shift]&[+], [Shift]&[-]	up a point, down a point (10% default)
[23] [At] [50] [Enter] then [At] [+] [3] [Enter], [At] [-] [4] [Enter]	add 3 points more, subtracts 4 points
[51] [Thru] [67] [Out]	self-terminating
[51] [Thru] [67] [At] [10] [Thru] [Full] [Enter]	called fanning intensity
[At] [/] [50] [Enter] [At] [/] [400] [Enter]	takes 50% of level, multiplies by 400%
and roll the level wheel to full and then all the way out	notice proportional control
Offset	
Offset is a soft key, when pressed additional options are accessible	
[31] [Thru] [45] {Offset} {Even} [At] [80] [Enter]	selects even channels
[51] [Thru] [67] {Offset} [3] [At] [75] [Enter]	selects an offset of every third channel
SNFAK	



SNEAK

Sneak removes manual changes and allows the channels to sneak back

to their background states, if any. Uses a default Sneak Time.	
[3] [Sneak] [Enter]	restores selected channel to background state using default sneak fade time
[Clear] [Sneak] [Enter]	restores all manual levels to background states (Clear empties command line)
[1] [Thru] [9] [At] [5] [Sneak] [Enter]	brings channel to level in default time
[5] [At] [25] [Sneak] [3] [Enter]	brings channel to level in 3 seconds
[9] [Full] [Sneak] [0] [Enter]	brings channels to full instantly
FLASH	
[2] {Flash} then [Next]{Last} [Clear] to stop	channel bumps from 15% to full and back till command line is cleared
[2] [At] [50] [Enter] [Shift] & [Full] [Shift] & [Out]	on or off while held

watch softkeys for additional options

deletes group 1 (2<sup>nd</sup> enter to confirm)



RECORDING GROUPS IN [LIVE]

[4] [Thru] [9] [Record] [Group] [1] [Enter]	records channels to the target group
[31] [+] [33] [+] [35] [+] [37] [Record] [Group] [2] [Enter]	records the selected channels to group 2
[1] + [4] + [2] + [5] + [3] [Record] [Group] [30] [Enter]	records the selected channels to group 30

WORKING WITH A GROUP

[Group] [1] [At] [Full] [Enter]	brings group 1's channels to Full
[Group] [30] [Enter] then press [Next] [Next] [Next] [Last] [Last]	accesses the group and then the first ordered channel in that group
[Select Last] [At] [30] [Thru] [Full] [Enter]	reselects the whole group and fans intensity across the range

GROUP LIST [BLIND]

[Group] [Group] or Add-a-Tab (the {+} sign) opens a list of all groups recorded

CREATE A GROUP

[Group] [3] [Enter] [27] [Thru] [30] [Enter] [Label] Extras [Enter] creates group 3 in the Group List

EDIT A GROUP

[Group] [2] [Enter] [+] [39] [Enter] [-] [39] [Enter] Adds or deletes channel to a group

[Group] [1] [Enter] [2] {Insert Before} [8] [Enter]

DELETING GROUPS

[Delete] [Group] [2] [Thru] [3] [Enter] [Enter] deletes groups 2 and 3

Will still have Group 30 for later use

[Delete] [Group] [1] [Enter] [Enter]

### **Group Exercise - Create the following groups:**

Group #	Label	Channels
1	Specials	1 thru 3
2	Band	4 thru 9
3	Blue Sides	11 + 12
4	Pink Sides	13 + 14
5	Yellow Sides	15 + 16
6	Texture	21 thru 26
7	Top Lights	31 thru 45
8	LED Cyc	51 thru 67
11	Robin 300	101 thru 106
12	VL3500s	111 thru 115
30	Effect 1	1, 4, 2, 5, 3

No Group 9 or 10!



## Non-intensity Parameter Control



### Non-Intensity Parameter Control (FCB)

#### [Live] if you are not already there [Clear] [Sneak] [Enter]

FOUR MAJOR PARAMETER CATEGORIES (IFCB):

- I = Intensity . . . Intensity
- **F = Focus** . . . Pan and Tilt
- **C = Color.** . . All color parameters (Scrollers, RGB, CMY, CTO, CTB...)
- **B = Beam** . . . All other parameters, divided into sub-categories:
  - Form includes parameters that affect the quality or size of the light output, such as edge, zoom, iris, frost, etc.
  - Image includes anything that drops into the gate and interrupts the beam of light, such as gobos, effects wheels, etc.
  - Shutter includes all of the framing parameters

#### EOS ENCODERS AND ENCODER DISPLAY

The bottom two encoders are always pan and tilt. The other four encoders are identified in the LCD, just to the left of the encoders.

The touchscreen area will display the parameter it controls, stepped limits (if any) and also a **{Home}** ♠ button.

- Press [Color] and then look at the integrated LCD display; color scroller or CMY, RGB, Hue/Sat
- Press [Form] to see edge, iris, zoom, frost
- Press [Image] to see gobos, gobo rotate, effect wheels
- [Shutter] includes all of the framing devices for the luminaire
- [Custom] is used for devices with multiple intensity parameters

#### **PAGING**

#### [Group] [8] [Enter]

[Color] [Color]	or	[Color] & [2]	category
[Flexi] & [Color]			toggles encoders in and out of Flexi mode

takes you to second page of Color

Page number is displayed at top of touchscreen

#### PARAMETER CONTROLS

**{Next} and {Last}** step through ranges (such as colors in a color scroller) one step at a time.

**(Min) and (Max)** allow you to send a parameter to its minimum or maximum limit with one press.

**(Mode)** allows you to switch between modes of a parameter (if any exist); for example, a rotating gobo wheel.

[51] [Color] <Red> {Min} or {Max} then {Home}

[21] [Color] <Scroller> {Next} or {Last} or { ⋈ / ⋈ }



#### GIO ENCODERS AND ENCODER DISPLAY

### [Live] if you are not already there [Clear] [Sneak] [Enter] expands the Encoder display in the CIA [Encoder Display] The display will change based on the device selected. The encoder functions are displayed on the bottom left of the CIA. • Press [Focus] and then look at the bottom of the touchscreen; Pan and Tilt are displayed across the bottom and are assigned to the first two encoders now (Default) • Press [Color], different color parameters are displayed • [Shutter] includes all of the framing devices for the luminaire • Press [Image] for all the gobo wheels, effect wheels, etc. • Press [Form] for edge, iris, zoom, frost, etc. **PAGING** [Group] [8] [Enter] takes you to third page of Color [Color] [Color] [Color] or [Color] & [3] category Page number is displayed on bottom of touchscreen button **ENCODERS AND SOFTKEYS** to look at a multi-category fixture [113] [Full] [Enter] [Focus], Tilt up on stage, pan left and right Coarse and Fine - holding down [Shift] while using an encoder puts it in fine mode for as long as [Shift] is held down. Release [Shift] to return to coarse mode. [Color], bring cyan to full and out **(Min)** and **(Max)** allow you to send a parameter to its minimum or maximum limit with one press. **Clutched Encoders** - change resistance based on the parameter – one full frame (such as frames in a color scroller or gobos in a gobo wheel) Similarly **{Next} and {Last}** step through one step at a time. [Image], {Gobo Select}, scroll to see the various gobos **(Mode)** allows you to switch between modes of a parameter (if any exist); for example, spin, rotate, index

**{Home}** ♠ allows you to set that parameter to its default position

#### **COLOR CONTROLS**

#### **COLOR CONTROL WITH SCROLLERS**

#### [Group] [6] [Full] [Enter]

- Use the encoder to dial to the frame desired feel the clutch
- Hold [Shift] and dial the encoder see the '+/-' for half frames
- Tap the **{Color}** or the word **'Scroller**' on the touchscreen puts it on the command line then press **[11]** for frame 11 and **[Enter]**
- Go to [**Displays**] for the CIA tap the scroller tile on the left side of the CIA then press [9] for frame 9 and [Enter]
- Press **{Home** ♠} to take the scroller back to its starting frame

#### COLOR CONTROL WITH LEDS

#### Press [Encoder Display] if not open already

[Clear] [Sneak] [Enter] [Group] [8] [Full] [Enter]	notice all colors at 100%
Dial the encoders	easy to use two hands for color mixing
In Red, press {Min}; Green, press {Min}; Blue, press {Max}	leaves a nice blue cyc
Tap the 'Red' label on the touchscreen, then [50] [Enter]	adds 50% of red into cyc
Press [Displays], then tap 'Red' tile in CIA, [Full] [Enter]	now a full magenta cyc

The Parameter tiles in the CIA remap based on the channel or fixture type selected.

#### **COLOR PICKER**

Press [**Displays**] and select **{Color Picker}** from the softkeys or click on **Add-a-Tab** (the {+} sign).

- When first opened, the CIE XY color space and the gel picker will open by default.
- A white line represents the limit of a fixtures color capabilities. With multiple fixture types selected, the line is still displayed, but adapts based on fixtures selected.

#### **GEL PICKER**

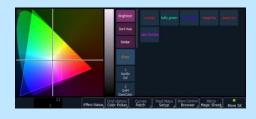
Within the color picker, you will also see a column of buttons down the center with a scroll bar. Using these buttons, you are able to select a specific gel manufacturer and a specific color.

- Console will put fixture in the color as close as possible.
- A 'G' will appear in the channel display that means gel match
- Gel matches can be set from the command line also

#### [Group] [8] [Home] [Enter]

Tap {1 Apollo}, then find {AP1950} - a green	watch cyc change color
Tap {5 Rosco Roscolux}, then find {R027} - a red	watch cyc change color
[Group] [8] {Color} tile and [5] [/] [339] [Enter]	first # being the Gel library and second # being the gel number





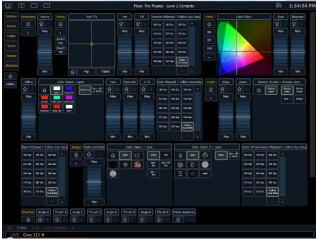




There's always another way of doing things!

#### Click on Add-a-Tab (the {+} sign), select ML Controls





#### **NAVIGATION AND OPERATION FEATURES**

- Category shortcut keys on the left side to quickly access those controls
- Category and Parameter buttons will post to the command line
- Buttons to collapse or expand categories for yet more flexibility
- Home buttons allows you to home a specific parameter or attribute of a parameter.
- Virtual encoders (Click and hold close to the center line for slow movement, further away for faster movement.)
- Color picker and gel picker
- Scroll bar multiple rows of parameter will now display and you can scroll either horizontally or vertically depending on the frame

The parameters displayed will change based on the device(s) selected.

[1] [Enter]	shows just the intensity wheel
[21] [Enter]	shows intensity and color – note scroller, gel picker
[51] [Enter]	shows intensity and color – note RGB wheels
[113] [Enter]	shows intensity, focus, color and beam

ML CONTROL POPUP

Click on the shortcut in the upper right hand side of the monitor.



to open the ML popup window

### Cues



RECORD A CUE

[Clear] [Sneak] [Enter	] [Group] [1] [Full] [Enter]	set levels for specials
[Record] <cue> [1] [E</cue>	nter]	stores cue 1 – note channels turn blue
[Group] [2] [-] [8] [-] [9	9] [At] [80] [Enter]	adds additional lights to look
[Record] [2] [Enter]		stores cue 2 – note channels colors
[1] [+] [3] [Out]	[21] [Thru] [26] [At] [50] [Enter]	levels going up and down in cue
[Record] [Next] [Enter	r] *	stores next cue (3) – note channels colors
* When you use [Record]	] [Next], remember what cue number you are on. If Cue	



**RECORD WITH TIME** 

[Select Last] [Out], [Group] [7] [Full] [Enter]	selects channels that had been used
[Record] [4] [Time] [4] [Enter]	stores cue 4 with 4 second up/down time
[21] [Thru] [26] [Full] [RemDim] [Enter]	set levels using [Remainder Dim]
[Record] [5] [Time] [3] [Time] [7] [Enter] or [Time] [3] [/] [7] [Enter] specifies split up/down times	
Record with Time and Label	
[Group] [8] [Full] [Full], make blue, [2] [+] [11] [+] [12] [Full] [Full] [1] [Thru] [7] [-] [2] [At] [50] [Enter] [21] [Thru] [26] [Out]	set levels then colors using basic encoders
[Record] [6] [Time] [2] [/] [4] [Label] Blue [Enter]	stores cue, timing and label
[Select Active] [Out]	takes all active channels' intensities out
[Record] [7] [Time] [0] [Label] Blackout [Enter]	stores cue, timing and label
[1] [Thru] [3] [Full] [Enter]	Sets levels for new cue after blackout
[Record] [8] [Time] [2] [Enter]	stores cue and timing



**DELETE A CUE** 

Notice Cue 8 is still on stage although it was just deleted. To refresh the master playback fader pair, [Goto Cue] [7] [Enter] or just [Goto Cue] [Enter].

1, then Next = 2. If Cue 2.7, then Next = 2.8. If Cue 2.11, then Next = 2.12

Now...Run the Cues!

# Playback



Basic Playback	
[Go To Cue] [Out] [Enter]	resets the cue list to the top
Press [Go]	executes the pending cue
Press [Stop/Back] while a cue is running	fader activity is instantly stopped mid- transition
Press [Stop/Back] again	if cue stopped or complete, will play the previous cue
[Go] after [Stop/Back]	resumes the current cue
[Back] uses default timing established in Setup.	
Controlling Playback Manually	
By default, the main playback fader pair should be at the top of the run before pressing <b>[Go]</b> to play cues back as recorded.	
To manually take control of the intensity fade from the beginning of the cue, set the sliders at the bottom of the run before you press <b>[Go]</b> .	
Go To Cue	
[Go To Cue] uses go-to-cue timing established in Setup.	
[Go To Cue] [Out] [Enter]	sets <u>all values</u> to home and resets <u>all cue</u> <u>lists</u> active on faders to the top of the list
[Go To Cue] [0] [Enter]	sets all current <u>intensity</u> values to zero and resets the current cue list to the top of the list, with the first cue pending
OTHER GO TO CUE FUNCTIONS	
[Go To Cue] [Enter]	refreshes current cue
[Go To Cue] [Next] or [Last] [Enter]	takes you to the next or previous cue in the active list (like Back)
[Go To Cue] [5] [Enter]	all parameters with values in cue 5 faded to those values, even if they are tracked
[Go To Cue] [4] [Time] [Enter]	fades to cue in the timing of the cue
[Go To Cue] [1] [Time] [2] [Enter]	fades to cue in 2 seconds
Load a cue on the master playback fader	
[Cue] [7] [Master] (Load) and then press [Go]	loads a specific cue to the main playback faders and then runs in that cue's time



dditional Cue Timing	
CUE DELAY	
[Go To Cue] [Out] [Enter]	start with a clean stage
[3] [+] [13] [+] [14] [Full] [Full], [51] [Thru] [67] [At] [Full], in pink	set levels
[Record] [9] [Delay] [3] [Label] Pink [Enter]	stores cue with a 3 second delay on intensity
[3] [+] [13] [+] [14] [Out], [Group] [8] [Out], [1] [+] [23] [Full] [Enter]	set levels
[Record] [10] [Delay] [Delay] [4] [Enter] or [Delay] [/] [4] [Enter] records cue with a 4 second de the down time	
[23] [Out] [51] [Thru] [67] [Full] [Enter] and in yellow [21] [Thru] [26] [Full] [Enter] and in Frame 2 or yellow	set levels
[Record] [11] [Time] [3] [Shift]&[Color] [Delay] [7] [Label] Yellow records cue with a 3 second upfact a 7 second delay on the color char	
[Go To Cue] [7] [Enter] and press [Go], play thru the cues	watch for the different delays
CUE FOLLOW/HANG (AUTO-FOLLOWS)  Follow time begins the moment the cue is executed (when the go button is pressed.)  Hang is similar but doesn't start till the cue is complete.  {FW/HG} is a soft key; can also press [Shift]&[Delay] to access Follow and [Shift]&[Delay][Delay] to access Hang	Standard Cue Cue with a Delay  Cue 1 time: 5  Cue 1 with a Follow  Cue 1 time: 5  Follow: 7  Cue 1 time: 5  Follow: 7  Cue 2 time: 5  Follow: 7  Cue 2 time: 5  Follow: 7  Cue 2 time: 5  Time (in seconds)
[Cue] [1] [Thru] [3] [Time] [3] [Enter]	Change timing for faster playback
[Cue] [1] {Follow/Hang} [3] [Enter]	records cue with a follow time of 3 seconds
[Go To Cue] [Out] [Enter] and press [Go]	watch the cue
[Cue] [2] [Shift]&[Delay] [5] [Enter]	records cue with a follow time of 5 seconds
[Cue] [3] [Shift]&[Delay] [Delay] [3] [Enter]	records cue with a hang time of 3 seconds
[Go To Cue] [Out] [Enter] and press [Go]	watch the cues play
CUE LINK/LOOP  Link allows cues to be run out-of-sequence.  Loop is a sequence of linked cues that plays a certain number of times.  [Cue] [4] {Link/Loop} [1] [Follow] [2] [Enter]	links to cue 1 from cue 4 with a 2 second follow time
[Cue] [4] {Link/Loop} {Link/Loop} [4] [Enter]	have it loop 4 times
[Go To Cue] [Out] [Enter] and press [Go]	watch the sequence – notice loop count
To indefinitely loop {Link/Loop} {Link/Loop} [0] [Enter]	loops the sequence indefinitely
Press [Go] at any time after first loop and will play cue 5	

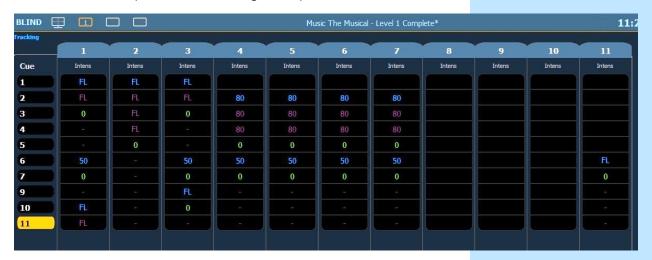
to remove links <u>and</u> loops



[Cue] [4] {Link/Loop} [Enter]

#### TRACK/CUE ONLY/BLOCK

Go to [Blind], and press [Format] to get to Spreadsheet





#### **TRACK**

[Cue] [1] [Enter]	[8] [At] [80] [Enter]	adds channel to cue 1 and tracks it right into our blackout cue
CUE ONLY		
[Cue] [1] [Enter]	[9] [At] [40] [Q Only/Track] [Enter]	adds channel 9 to cue 1 and inserts a move to restore it to zero in Cue 2
[Cue] [1] [Thru] [3] [I	Enter] [9] [At] [40] [Q Only/Track] [Enter]	creates a move to 40 in first cue, tracks through and adds a move to zero in last cue
[Cue] [8] [Enter] [Er	nter]	creates a new cue after the blackout that channel 8 tracks through
	a cue level, a channel level or a parameter level. I that prohibits changes upstream from tracking a.	
[Cue] [7] [Block] [Ent	ter] Channel 8 is white (channel blocked)	applies a block to the blackout cue



"B" is displayed in the flags field of the PSD, indicating a cue level block.

[Cue] [1] [Enter]	[10] [At] [80] [Enter]	adds channel to cue 1 and tracks it till it reaches the block in cue 7
[Cue] [7] [Enter]	[Select Active] [Out]	assures any lights on are set to zero as this is our blackout cue

An alternative is to use the **{AutoBlock Clean}** softkey.



CHECK OUT THE BOBBLEHEAD FRED VIDEO THAT HELPS TO EXPLAIN THE DIFFERENCE IN STYLE OF OPERATION BETWEEN TRACKING AND PRESET CONSOLES AND THEIR ORIGINS.

#### **AUTOBLOCK**

Autoblock will protect a move instruction when a level upstream is matched.

[Cue] [1] [Enter]	[4] [At] [80] [Enter]	Autoblock created in cue 2
-------------------	-----------------------	----------------------------

Notice that in Cue 2, the intensity level for channel 4 is now displayed in white, with an underscore. This is the Autoblock, where the console is preserving the idea that this channel previously had a move instruction.

Autoblocks are displayed in the PSD by a "b".

**CLEAR AN AUTOBLOCK** 

[Cue] [2] [Enter]	[Block] [Enter] [Block] [Enter] ??	clears an autoblock
-------------------	------------------------------------	---------------------

Shouldn't it be Autoblock Clean; this destroys other blocks

#### **ASSERT**

Assert is the playback equivalent of a block – in that it takes a tracked value **and treats it like a move instruction.** Asserts are a way to regain ownership of a channel, or to force a new move command with new timing on a light that is still fading from a previous instruction.

Asserts can be placed at a cue level, channel or parameter level.

[Live] [Go To Cue] [6] [Enter]	
[25] [At] [Full] [RemDim] [Enter]	set levels
[Record] [6.5] [Time] [30] [Enter]	stores cue with long fade time
[Go To Cue] [6] [Enter] Run the cues, watch the fades	
Start cue 7 before cue 6.5 has completed	discuss what happens
[Cue] [7] [Assert] [Enter]	applies an Assert on the cue
[Back] [Back] [Gol on 6.5 then [Gol on 7	discuss what happens

Notice an "A" in the PSD flag field for Cue 7



## Update

odate is a 'save changes' tool. It only pertains to values that are red modified – values that have been changed. Update saves manual anges back to targets such as cues, palettes, presets and bmasters.	
UPDATE DEFAULT	
[Live] [Go To Cue] [2] [Enter]	
[15] [At] [50] [Enter]	makes a changes to an existing cue
[Update] Notice default Make Absolute style [Enter]	change is now stored in cue
[Blind] Spreadsheet view	
See how channel 15 turned on in cue 2 and tracked till the blo	k in cue 7.
UPDATE CUE ONLY	
[Live] [16] [At] [75] [Enter]	makes another change in the cue
[Update] [Cue Only] [Enter]	records without tracking
[Blind] Spreadsheet view	note changes for channel 16
See how channel 16 turned on in cue 2 and turned off in cue 3	
Move instructions	
Other move instrcutions will stop values from tracking through.	
See how channels 11 and 12 turn on to full in cue 6.	note the move instruction in cue 6
[Live] [11] [+] [12] [At] [40] [Enter]	makes another change in the cue
[Update] [Enter]	records allowing tracking
[Blind] Spreadsheet view	note changes for channels 11 and 12
See how channels 11 and 12 turned on in cue 2 and moved to	full in cue 6.

## Submasters



ubiliasteis			
Record submaster in Live			
[Go To Cue] [Out] [Enter]	start with a clean stage		
[Group] [1] [At] [Full] [Enter]	set levels		
[Record] [Sub] [1] [Enter] Press [Load] button above fader	records the current stage state to sub 1		
[Clear] [Sneak] [Enter]			
[Group] [8] [Full] [Enter] in Blue, [2] [+] [11] [+] [12] [Full] [Enter]	set levels		
[Record], then [Load] button of the next fader, [Enter]	loads the fader with the submaster		
[Clear] [Sneak] [Enter]			
[Recall From] [Cue] [9] [Enter]	set levels		
[Record] [Sub] [3] [Label] Pink [Enter]	with a label		
then press [Load] button of the third fader	and loads it to the fader – notice label		
[Clear] [Sneak] [Enter]			
Submasters may be loaded to any fader as long as it is blank or clear. Now…Let's look at our subs! Run each fader up and down			
Record submaster in Blind			
Slind] [Sub] [31] [Enter] [21] [Thru] [26] [Full] [Enter] records values to sub 31 – in Blind			
Command Line Control of Submasters			
[Live] [Sub] [31] [At] [50] [Enter] [At] [Full] [Enter]	brings sub 31 to 50% or to Full		
[Sub] [31] [At] [85] [Sneak] [Enter]	sneaks sub 31 to 85% in default sneak time		
[Sub] [31] [Out] [Enter]	takes sub 31 out regardless of fader position		
Change Fader Pages			
Fader pages are set up in increments of 10. There are 100 pages of 10.			
Press [Fader Page]	advances page numbers one at a time		
The page number is visible on the left touchscreen in the area above the Master Playback Faders.			
[Sub] [31] [Load] to any fader on page 2 and bring up the fader	loads fader 31 on page 2		
Press and hold [Shift] and tap [Fader Page]	reverses one page at a time		
Press and hold [Fader Page] and press [17]	jumps to a specific page		
Press and hold [Fader Page] and scroll the rate wheel	increases or decreases page numbers		

fades down

resets to default times (0/Man/0)

	Sabinasters
Clear faders (unload)	
If a submaster (or a cue list) already occupies the fader, that fader must be cleared before another submaster or cue can be loaded.	
Press and hold [Fader Page] and scroll to page 2 (sub 31)	
Press and hold [Shift] and press [Load] of the fader to clear sub 31	
Delete submasters	
[Delete] [Sub] [3] [Enter] [Enter]	deletes the contents of sub 3
[Delete] [Sub] [1] [Thru] [Enter] [Enter]	deletes the contents of all subs 1 – 300
If you delete the subs, you will need to recreate subs for the next exercises. Or use <b>[Undo]</b> .	
Timing on Submasters	
Changes can be done in Live or in Sub List. Uses bump button as the GO.	
Press and hold [Shift] and tap [Fader Page]	back to page 1
[Sub] [1] [Time] [3] [Time] [4] [Time] [3] [Enter]	adds a 3 sec upfade, holds for 4 sec ar 3 sec down fade
Press the bump button of fader 1 just once	fades up, holds, then fades down
Hold	
[Sub] [1] {Hold} [Enter]	changes the dwell time to 'hold'
Press the bump button to start the upfade	fades up, holds indefinitely

RESTORE TO DEFAULT TIME

[Sub] [1] [Time] [Enter]

Press the bump button to start the downfade



#### SUBMASTER LIST opens the submaster list - use the [Sub] [Sub] or Add-a-Tab (the {+} sign) softkeys for selection and editing Percent (%) The list shows the current level in Live of each submaster. displayed in List as well as Sub displays [Sub] [1] [Label] Specials [Enter] MODE: ADDITIVE, INHIBITIVE, OR EFFECT SUB Mode has 3 options, the first is the default and that mode is **Additive** (contributes to the live output). **Inhibitive** (limits live output) restricts the values as the fader comes down. It acts as a mini grand master for the contents of the sub. The final mode is **Effect**. makes sub 1 an inhibitive sub, fader will [Sub] [1], under Mode, {Inhibitive} go to Full, LED turns red runs the cue with specials Live: [Go To Cue] [1] [Enter] specials go out - notice small 'I' in Slowly bring the fader out. channel display [Go To Cue] [Out] [Enter] MASTER: PROPORTIONAL OR INTENSITY MASTER Proportional submasters control all contents of the submaster (intensity and non-intensity parameters). (DEFAULT) [Group] [12] [Full] [Full], tilt up on cyc records sub and clears manual values [Record] [Sub] [10] [Enter], Load to a fader, [Clear] [Sneak] [Enter] shows proportional control of contents Then bring fader up, see live changes Bring fader down Intensity masters control intensity only. The bump button is used to preset (mark and unmark) non-intensity parameters. toggles the submaster to an I-Master [Sub] [10], under Master, {Int} marks the non-intensity parameters With fader down, press the bottom bump button, LED flashes now shows Intensity control only Bring fader up Unmarks (resets) non-intensity Bring fader down and tap bottom bump button parameters If the bump button is not pressed, as fader is moved, non-intensity parameters moved into positions as fast as possible and the rest of the fade will be intensity only. There is an option in Properties called **Unmark 0**. The contents of the submaster will automatically be released when the fader reaches 0%. **EXCLUDE** Another property is **Exclude**. There are 4 options: the most common is **{Rec}** which is similar to **[Record]** [-] **[Sub]**. contents will not be stored in any [Sub] [2], {Properties}, under Exclude, {Rec} record targets







Park locks the value of a channel or address.

- It cannot be changed by any console operation. It can't be affected by subs, playbacks, Grand Master or Blackout key. Parked values won't be recorded.

#### PARK IN LIVE

[1] [At] [50] [Park] [Enter]	parks channel at 50%
[101] [Park] [Enter]	parks all parameters at current levels
[102] [Intensity] [Park] [Enter]	parks the intensity of the channel at its current level
[Address/Patch] [31] [At] [75] [Park] [Enter]	parks address at 75%
Notice in the upper right corner of the display "Parked Channels."  Any parked channel has a small "P" visible on the channel icon.  TO CLEAR A PARK COMMAND:	
[1] [Park] [Enter][Enter]	unparks channel
[Park] [Enter][Enter]	clears all parked channels
[Address/Patch] [Park] [Enter][Enter]	clears all parked addresses
PARK DISPLAY (BLIND)	
[Park] [Park] or Add-a-Tab (the {+} sign)	opens the Park display
[2] [At] [85] [Enter]	parks channel at 85%
[Address/Patch] [32] [At] [75] [Enter]	parks address at 75%
Notice the Park key is not necessary for parking in Blind. TO CLEAR A PARK COMMAND:	
[2] [At] [Park] [Enter][Enter]	unparks channel
{Address} [32] [At] [Enter] [Enter]	unparks an address



### Setup

**[Displays] {Setup}** or click in Browser, on Setup. Two major areas are:

- Show
- Desk

Show – Specific to the current show file – stays with Show

These settings are shared on all consoles on the network.

• **Show Settings** Number of Channels, Dimmer Doubler Offset,

Partitioned Control, Home Preset, Auto-Mark Enable, Mark Time, Create Virtual HSB, Startup, Shutdown and Disconnect Macros, and Preheat

Time, , Popup Magic Sheet and Popup

Navigation Lock..

• **Cue Settings** Cue Default Times

• **Show Control** SMPTE, MIDI, MSC, Analog/Serial, UDP, OSC

• **Partitions** Channel Partitions for multi-user setups



DESK - SPECIFIC TO THE DESK/HARDWARE - STAYS WITH DESK

These settings are for each independent console – the hardware.

Record Defaults Auto Playback, Track Mode, Record/Delete

Confirm, Update Modes, Emergency Mark

Manual Control Manual Times, Preserve Blind Cue, Level,

Plus/Minus %, Hi-light and Lowlight Presets, Highlight RemDim, Live RemDim Level, Sneak, Back, Go To Cue, Assert, Off, Release and

Timing Disable Times

• Face Panel Sounds, Encoders Adjustments– Percent or

Degrees Per Revolution

• Face Panel Keypad Auto Repeat settings, Spacebar [Go] Enable,

Hide Mouse

• **Displays** Direct Select Double Click, User ID, Cell Editing,

and Show Ref Labels

• **PDF File Settings** Orientation and Paper Type settings

• **Brightness Settings** Brightness & Contrast for console LCDs and

Backlit buttons as well as Desk Lamp Control

and Wing LCDs

Fader Wing Config Layout and Identify

RFR Settings Allow RFR Connections, Visible to iRFR

Trackball Settings Adjustments for Trackball

### An Intro to Effects





### A SIMPLE COLOR EFFECT



Using a pre-programmed color effect	
[Live]	
[Group] [8] [Full] [Enter], make it blue	sets starting levels
[Group] [8] [Effect] [917] [Enter]	applies existing effect to selected channels
Effect 917 is a Rainbow Effect for RGB fixtures.	
FUN WITH THE COLOR PICKER Visually see the effect running in the blue area.	
[Displays] {S2 -Color Picker}	opens the color picker
Click on various colors in the color picker	watch cyc change colors
Stopping an Effect	
[Live] [Group] [8] [Effect] [Enter] or just [Sneak] [Enter]	stops effect from running
OR [Effect] [917] [At] [Enter]	stops effect 917
OR [Group] [8] [Effect] [At] [Enter]	stops all effects on selected channels
OR [Fader Control] {Stop Effect} [Enter]	stops all effects



### BPM – BEATS PER MINUTE AND TAP RATE

For step-based and absolute effects, you can set the beats per minute (BPM). For step-based effects, BPM affects the step times and for absolute effects, this affects the time/dwell.	
[Live]	jump back into Live
[1] [Thru] [5] [Effect] [1] [Enter]	runs effect 1 on the selected channels
OR [Recall From] [Effect] [1] [Enter]	runs effect 1 on all of the channels originally used in creation
Directly Setting BPM	
Done in Blind, changes applied immediately to all instances of this effect.	
[Effect] [Effect] [1] should be on command line	make sure you are in Effect 1
Softkey {BPM} [200]	sets the BPM of the effect to 200
Notice BPM is posted in the Effect Editor to the far right of the Effect number. Also notice changes to Step times and Cycle time.	
{Cycle Time} [2] [Enter]	removes the BPM
LEARNING BPM OR TAP RATE  Done in Live, changes will need to be recorded.	
[Live] [Clear] [Sneak] [Enter]	jump back into Live
[Group] [30] [Full] [Enter] [Effect] [1] [Enter]	runs effect 1 on the selected channels to clear the command line
[Clear]	opens the Effect Status Display
[Effect] [1] [Learn] [Time]  Notice "Effect 1 Learn Time Sample BPM" on the command line. Also opens the Effects Editor display	opens the Effect Status Display
[Enter] [Enter]	averages the timing or tap rate of the last three hits of Enter
[Learn]	stops the Learn mode or averaging
Notice the red BPM to the far right of the Effect number.	
[Record] <cue> [21] [Enter]</cue>	records effect in cue with the modified BPM (1* in effects column on PSD)

### Important Concepts

Eos family consoles are Tracking Move-Fade systems.

TRACKING VS. CUE ONLY

Eos family consoles are tracking by default. This means two things. First, tracking relates to how cue lists are created. Once data is in a cue list, it will remain a part of that cue list, at its original setting, and track forward through subsequent cues, until a new instruction is provided.

Secondly, tracking relates to how changes to cue data are handled. Unless otherwise instructed by a Cue Only command, changes to a parameter in a cue will track forward through the cue list until a move instruction (or block command) is encountered. It is possible to change the default setting of the console to "Cue Only". This prevents changes from tracking forward into subsequent cues, unless overridden with a track instruction.

The console also has a [Cue Only/Track] button that allows the user to record or update a cue as an exception to the default setting. Therefore, if the console is set to Tracking, the button acts as Cue Only. If console is set to Cue Only, it behaves as a Track button.

EXAMPLE: IN BLIND > SPREADSHEET

[Cue] [1] [Thru] {Thru] [5] [Enter] [Enter]	creates cues 1 - 5
[Cue] [1] [Enter]	selects cue 1
[1] [Thru] [4] [Full] [Enter]	see channels fill through subsequent cues
[Cue] [3] [Enter]	selects cue 3
[1] [+] [2] [At] [50] [Enter]	see channel levels change in that cue and track on
[Cue] [4] [Enter]	selects cue 4
[3] [+] [4] [At] [50] [Cue Only] [Enter]	see channel levels change in that cue only

#### Move Fade

Move Fade is a lighting control concept that determines how cues are played back. Eos family consoles adhere to this philosophy. In a Move Fade system, parameters do not change from their current setting until they are provided a move instruction in a cue or are given a new instruction manually.

For example, in cue 1, channel 1 has been given an intensity value of 50%. This value does not change until cue 20, where channel 1 is moved to 100%. Therefore, channel 1 has a tracked intensity value of 50% in cues 2-19. If the user applies a manual intensity value of 25% while sitting in cue 5 (for example), that channel will stay at 25% until Cue 20 is played back - because 20 is the next cue in which channel 1 has a move instruction. The original intensity of 50% will not be reapplied in subsequent cues unless the cue is asserted or run out of sequence via go to cue or by loading the cue into pending manually.

#### HTP vs. LTP

HTP (Highest-Takes-Precedence) and LTP (Latest-Takes-Precedence) are terms used to define the output of a channel parameter that is receiving data from multiple sources. In HTP, the highest level of all sources will be output to the rig. In LTP, the most recent level received will be output. Cue lists and submasters can operate as HTP or LTP for intensity parameters only. Non-intensity parameters (NPs) are always LTP. The console's default cue list setting for intensity is LTP. The default submaster setting for intensity is HTP.

#### HTP

HTP is only applicable to the intensity of a channel. HTP channels will output the level that is the highest of all control inputs. As control inputs are removed (some of the submasters are brought down to zero), the console will adjust the channel level, if required, to the highest remaining level.

#### LTP

LTP is applicable to any parameter of any channel. LTP output is based on the most recent move instruction provided to the channel parameter. Any new values sent will supersede any previous values, regardless of the level supplied. The console determines the LTP value for a channel, which is overridden by any HTP input values that are higher than the LTP instruction. This is then finally modified by manual override.

#### **BLOCK**

Block is a Recording/Updating function - it defines how changes will track (or not) through the cue list. An important concept to remember is that blocking impacts editing functions only. It has no impact on cue playback. In Element, block does impact playback, as it also acts as an assert.

A cue level block causes all tracked values in the cue to be treated as move instructions, which prohibits any data changes from tracking into the cue. Blocks can also be applied to a channel or a channel parameter.

Eos family consoles also support an "auto-block" function. For example, in cue 5 you set channel 1 to 50%. It is stored as a move instruction. Then, you later go back to an earlier cue and set channel 1 to 50% and it tracks forward to cue 5. Channel 1 will be "auto-blocked" in cue 5. Even though it is now at the same value as the previous cue, the original concept of a move instruction is maintained. Auto blocks are indicated with an underscore in the cue data.

#### **ASSERT**

Assert is analogous to block, but is a Playback function - it defines how the cues interact with each other in regard to the concepts of Move Fade. Assert may be used to override this default behavior, allowing a cue list's control over a channel to be restored, even when the channel's data is tracked.

Assert is not only used in multiple cue list environments, it is useful in single list as well, as it is a way to force a tracked value to act as a move instruction on playback. Assert can be placed on a cue list, a cue, a channel or a parameter.

#### Example:

Cue 10 is a blackout on a time of 0. Cue 9 starts some of the lights fading to zero. You run cue 10 before cue 9 is finished. Because some of the levels were already commanded to zero in cue 9, they will continue to run in cue 9's time as they are not getting a new move instruction in cue 10. To get them to use cue 10's time, you have to place an assert on cue 10 (blocking cue 10 will not do this).

NOTE: ALWAYS, ALWAYS, ALWAYS BLOCK AND ASSERT YOUR BLACKOUT CUES!

## Appendix 1 – Level 1 Channel Hookup

Channel	Universe	Address	Manufacturer	Туре	Focus/Notes
1	1	1	Generic	Dimmer	Special - DSR Desk
2	1	2	Generic	Dimmer	Special - USC Solo
3	1	3	Generic	Dimmer	Special - DSL Study
4	1	4	Generic	Dimmer	Special - Piano
5	1	33	Generic	Dimmer	Special - Drums
6	1	31	Generic	Dimmer	Special - Vocals
7	1	32	Generic	Dimmer	Special - Guitar
8	1	35	Generic	Dimmer	Special - Piano Top Light
9	1	34	Generic	Dimmer	Special - Drums Top Light
11	1	5, 6, 7	Generic	Dimmer	High Side SR - Blue
12	1	8, 9, 10	Generic	Dimmer	High Side SL - Blue
13	1	11, 12, 13	Generic	Dimmer	High Side SR - Pink
14	1	14, 15, 16	Generic	Dimmer	High Side SL - Pink
15	1	17, 18, 19	Generic	Dimmer	High Side SR - Yellow
16	1	20, 21, 22	Generic	Dimmer	High Side SL - Yellow
					3
21	1	23	Generic	Dimmer	Texture Wash
21 P2	1	71	Generic	Scroller	Scroller w/ custom load
22	1	24	Generic	Dimmer	Texture Wash
22 P2	1	72	Generic	Scroller	Scroller w/ custom load
23	1	25	Generic	Dimmer	Texture Wash
23 P2	1	73	Generic	Scroller	Scroller w/ custom load
24	1	26	Generic	Dimmer	Texture Wash
24 P2	1	74	Generic	Scroller	Scroller w/ custom load
25	1	27	Generic	Dimmer	Texture Wash
25 P2	1	75	Generic	Scroller	Scroller w/ custom load
26	1	28	Generic	Dimmer	Texture Wash
26 P2	1	76	Generic	Scroller	Scroller w/ custom load
31	1	101	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
32	1	110	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
33	1	119	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
34	1	128	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
35	1	137	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
36	1	146	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
37	1	155	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
38	1	164	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
39	1	173	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
40	1	182	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
41	1	191	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
42	1	200	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
43	1	209	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
44	1	218	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
45	1	227	ETC Fixtures	D40 Lustr+ Direct Str	Top Light
13			_ / C T IACGICS		Top Light

Channel	Universe	Address	Manufacturer	Туре	Focus/Notes
51	2	52	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
52	2	55	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
53	2	58	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
54	2	61	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
55	2	64	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
56	2	67	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
57	2	70	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Top
58	2	73	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
59	2	76	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
60	2	79	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Top
61	2	82	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
62	2	85	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
63	2	88	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
64	2	91	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
65	2	94	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
66	2	97	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
67	2	100	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Сус Тор
101	1	301*	Robe	Robin 300 LEDWash – M3	
102	1	321	Robe	Robin 300 LEDWash – M3	
103	1	341	Robe	Robin 300 LEDWash – M3	
104	1	361	Robe	Robin 300 LEDWash – M3	
105	1	381	Robe	Robin 300 LEDWash – M3	
106	1	401	Robe	Robin 300 LEDWash – M3	
111	3	1	VariLite	VL3500 Spot – VL3500 Spot	FOH
112	3	32	VariLite	VL3500 Spot – VL3500 Spot	FOH
113	3	63	VariLite	VL3500 Spot – VL3500 Spot	FOH
114	3	94	VariLite	VL3500 Spot – VL3500 Spot	FOH
115	3	125	VariLite	VL3500 Spot – VL3500 Spot	FOH

<sup>\*</sup> Think Offset!!

# Appendix 2 – Level 2 Hookup Additions

Channel	Universe	Address	Manufacturer	Type	Focus/Notes
71	2	1	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
72	2	4	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
73	2	7	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
74	2	10	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
75	2	13	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
76	2	16	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
77	2	19	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
78	2	22	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
79	2	25	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
80	2	28	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
81	2	31	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
82	2	34	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
83	2	37	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
84	2	40	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
85	2	43	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
86	2	46	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
87	2	49	Philips Color Kinetics	ColorBlast 12	Cyc Bottom
121	2	351	VariLite	VL2000 Wash – Enhanced 16B	Over-stage
122	2	366	VariLite	VL2000 Wash – Enhanced 16B	Over-stage
123	2	381	VariLite	VL2000 Wash – Enhanced 16B	Over-stage
124	2	396	VariLite	VL2000 Wash – Enhanced 16B	Over-stage
131	2	201	Martin	Mac 700 Profile – Ext	Over-stage
132	2	232	Martin	Mac 700 Profile – Ext	Over-stage
133	2	263	Martin	Mac 700 Profile – Ext	Over-stage
134	2	294	Martin	Mac 700 Profile – Ext	Over-stage

## Appendix 3 – Scroll Setup

# **Generic Scrolls (Channels 21 – 26) Open Frame R10 - Medium Yellow** R27 - Medium Red 3 R339 - Broadway Pink R351 - Lavender Mist R359 - Medium Violet R370 - Italian Blue R38 - Light Rose R65 – Daylight Blue 10 R85 – Deep Blue 11 R90 - Dark Yellow Green

## Appendix 4 – Show File Data

Group #	Label	Channels
1	Specials	1 thru 3
2	Band	4 thru 9
3	Blue Sides	11 + 12
4	Pink Sides	13 + 14
5	Yellow Sides	15 + 16
6	Texture	21 thru 26
7	Top Lights	31 thru 45
8	LED Cyc Top	51 thru 67
9	LED Cyc Bottom	71 thru 87
11	Robin 300s	101 thru 106
12	VL3500s	111 thru 115
13	VL2000s	121 thru 124
14	Mac 700s	131 thru 134
16	All movers	G11 thru G14
20	Cyc In	Cyc In
21	Cyc Out	Cyc Out
25	CP Group	G7 + G8 + G11 thru G14
30	Area lights in a cross-stage order	1, 4, 2, 5, 3

Color Palette #	Label	Groups Used
1	Red	G25
2	Orange	G25
3	Yellow	G25
4	Green	G25
5	Light Blue	G25
6	Dark Blue	G25
7	Magenta	G25
Focus Palettes #	Label	
1	DSR Desk	G12
2	USC Solo	G12
3	DSL Study	G12
4	Vocals (USR Platform)	G12
5	Guitar (USL Platform)	G12
Beam Palettes #	Label	
1	All Beam parameters	G12
2	Just Gobo Select	G12
3	Just Zoom	G12
Preset #	Label	
1	USC Red (Solo In Color)	G12
5	Movers – Intensity	G12
6	Movers – Intensity and Beam	G12



#### CHANNEL DISPLAY COLOR CONVENTIONS

#### CHANNEL OR PARAMETER LEVELS

• **Red** Manual Data - changes have been made but have not

been saved or stored yet

• **Green** Movement - channel values have gone down from their

previous level. Also used in reference marking to indicate a

channel is marked.

• **Blue** Movement - channel values are higher than in the previous

cue. Non-intensity parameters (NPs) are blue when any

move instruction has occurred.

• Magenta Tracking - value is unchanged from the previous cue

(tracked).

• White Values are blocked.

• **Yellow** Values are set from a submaster.

#### CHANNEL NUMBERS/CHANNEL HEADERS

White numberGray numberPatched channel numberUnpatched channel number

• No graphic Deleted channel

Bright White number Channel is parked
 Gold number Channel is captured (with a 'C')

• Gold outline Selected channel

"GREEN, GRASS...BLUE, SKY!"

Channel numbers/channel headers	Channel or Parameter levels
number – regular channel patched	Red – Manual Data
number – parked channel (small p)	Blue – Level is increasing from previous cue
Gray number – unpatched channel	Magenta – Level is tracked from previous cue
Gray number with no outline – deleted channel	<b>Green</b> – Level is decreasing from previous cue.
Gold number – channel is captured	– Level is blocked
Gold outline – Selected channel	Yellow – Level is set by Submaster



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